

Sample Test PS-DIGS W14/15-1

Time 90 minutes

– use of class documents allowed –

Name: _____

Percent: _____

Matr. No.: _____

Grade: _____

1	2	3	4		Σ
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(1) Conversion of Number Systems and Dual Number Computation

Computation with signed dual number should be carried out. The word size should be 16 bits. The number $x = 348_{10}$ is given as a decimal number.

(1.1) What is the minimal (negative) number with 16 bits? What is the maximum positive number?

Hint: signed number have a 2's complement representation.

Your results should be given as decimal numbers.

(1.2) Convert the number x into the dual system by sequential division and remainders

(1.3) What is the binary number of $-x$ (2's complement, 16 bits!)?

(1.4) Provide the hexadecimal numbers of x und $-x$?

(2) Combinational Logic (Minimization)

The following truth table should be synthesized as combinational gate logic.

(1) = 8	(2) = 8	(3) = 8	(4) = 8	$\Sigma = 32$					
1.0 \geq 29	1.3 \geq 27	1.7 \geq 26	2.0 \geq 24	2.3 \geq 23	2.7 \geq 21	3.0 \geq 20	3.3 \geq 18	3.7 \geq 17	4.0 \geq 15

PR-DIGS W14/15 ST

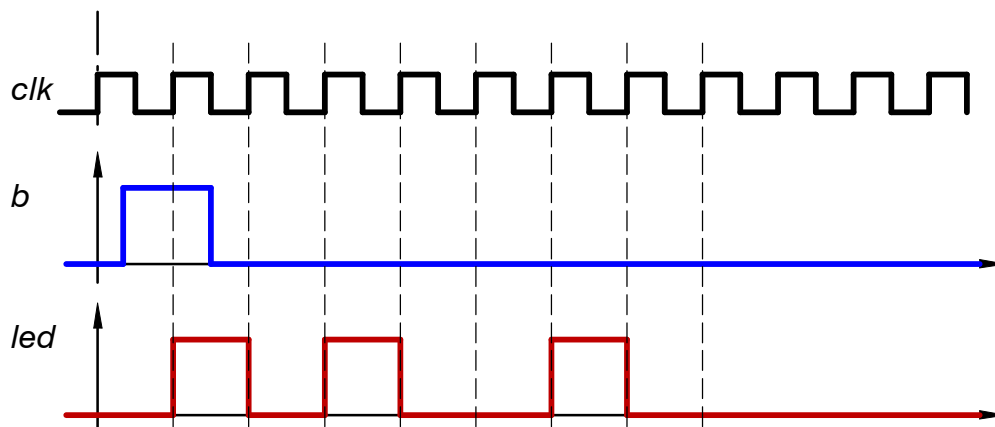
x3	x2	x1	x0	y1	y0
0	0	0	0	1	0
0	0	0	1	1	0
0	0	1	0	0	0
0	0	1	1	0	0
0	1	0	0	1	0
0	1	0	1	1	0
0	1	1	0	0	0
0	1	1	1	1	0
1	0	0	0	1	1
1	0	0	1	1	0
1	0	1	0	0	1
1	0	1	1	1	0
1	1	0	0	1	1
1	1	0	1	1	0
1	1	1	0	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	0

(2.1) Find a minimal solution for the dunction $y_0 = F_0(x_0, x_1, x_2, x_3)$ as *product of sums*.
Draw the circuit with inverters, AND and OR gates.

(2.2) Find a minimal solution for the dunction $y_1 = F_1(x_0, x_1, x_2, x_3)$ as *sum of products*.
Draw the circuit with inverters, AND and OR gates.

(3) Hardware State Machine (Moore Machine)

A hardware state machine should be designed to flash an LED several times after a button has beed activated. It should stop after 6 clock cycles. All activities are aligned with the rising edge of the clock signal.



Input of the state machine:

b '1' => generate sequences below, '0' => off.

Output of the state machine:

led '1' => on, '0' => off

- (3.1) Draw the state diagram.
- (3.2) How many states are required; how many flip-flops are required?
- (3.3) Design the minimal solution only for x_{0n} for the next-state logic (including circuit schematics).
- (3.4) Design minimal solution for the output logic.
- (3.5) Draw the flip-flops and output logic hardware circuit.

(4) PicoBlaze Program “Moving Lights”

--- lab (moving light) must be attached to the exam solutions ---

Hints: Your program must contain name and matriculation number
 The programm should contain comments.